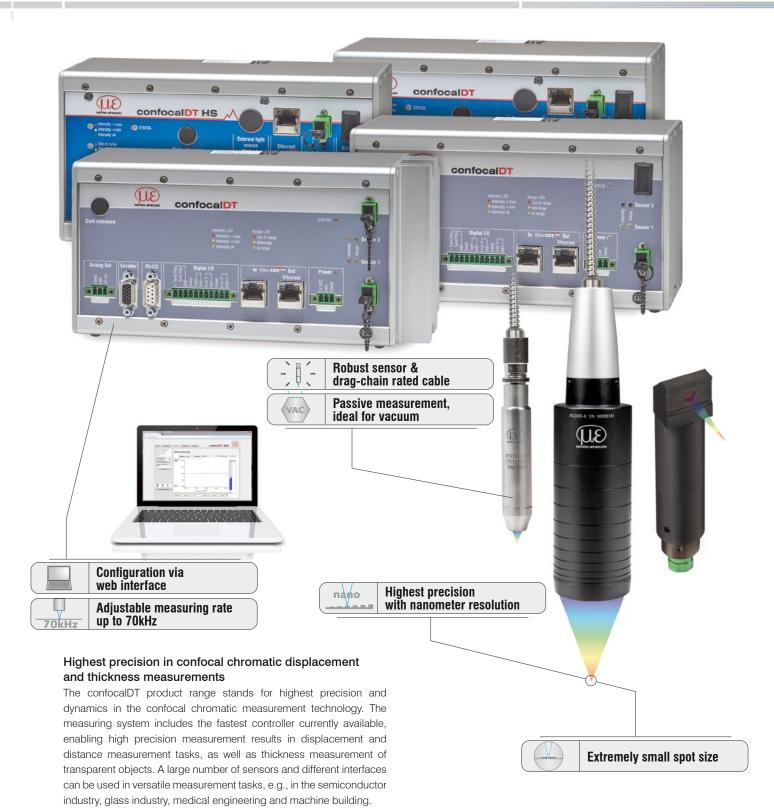


More Precision

confocalDT // Confocal chromatic sensor system







confocalDT

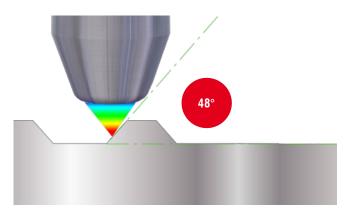
Sensor type		Measuring range	Measurement direction	Measurement mode	Page
confocalDT IFS2402	Miniature sensors Ø4 mm	0.4 mm 3.5 mm		Distance measurement	8 - 9
confocalDT IFS2403	Hybrid sensors ø8 mm	0.4 mm 10 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	10 - 11
confocalDT IFS2404	Compact sensors ø12 mm	2 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	12
confocalDT IFS2405	Robust & universal sensors ø27 - 64 mm	0.3 mm 30 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	13 - 15
confocalDT IFS2406	Special sensors ø20 - 27 mm	2.5 mm 10 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	16 - 17
confocalDT IFS2407	High precision sensors ø12 - 54 mm	0.1 mm 3 mm		Distance measurement Thickness measurement	18 - 19

Each sensor can be operated with every confocal DT controller.

Controller type		Measurement channels	Measuring rate	Page
confocalDT IFC242x	Confocal controller for industrial applications	1 or 2	up to 6.5 kHz	20 - 21
confocalDT IFC2461	High-performance controller	1	up to 25 kHz	22 - 23
confocalDT IFC2471 HS	Confocal high-speed controller	1	up to 70 kHz	24 - 25

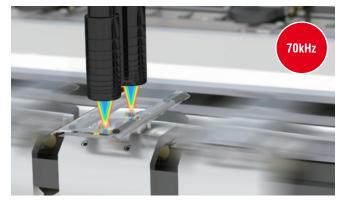
The confocal chromatic measuring principle

Polychromatic white light is focused onto the target surface by a multilens optical system. The lenses are arranged so that the white light is dispersed into monochromatic wavelengths by controlled chromatic aberration. To each wavelength, a specific distance is assigned by factory calibration. Only the wavelength which is exactly focused on the target is used for the measurement. An optical arrangement images the light reflected onto a light sensitive sensor element, on which the corresponding spectral color is detected and evaluated. In the case of multi-peak measurements, several distance points are evaluated accordingly.



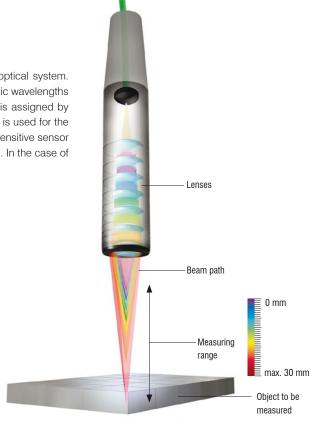
Extremely large tilt angle

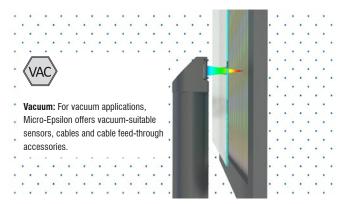
The confocalDT IFS sensors tolerate a large tilt angle up to 48°. Therefore, curved and structured surfaces can be detected reliably to generate stable signals.



Fastest measuring rates for dynamic measurement tasks

IFC2471HS controllers offer with 70 kHz the highest measuring rate in the world. However, it is important to adapt the exposure to the respective surface. Therefore, the confocalDT controller dynamically regulates the exposure of the CCD line. This exposure control compensates for color and reflectivity changes of the measurement object in order to increase the measurement accuracy at high measuring rates.

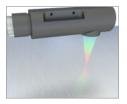




Ready for vacuum

The confocalDT sensors consist of passive components and do not give off heat. Particularly for use in vacuum applications, Micro-Epsilon offers sensors, cables and accessories which can be used according to their respective specification.



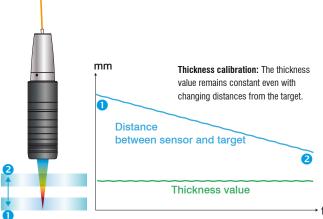






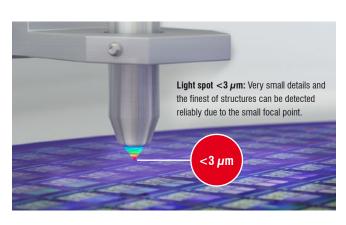
Ultra-small sensors for restricted installation spaces

The compact sensor design with diameters from 4 mm enables the integration in restricted spaces. With the 90° models, the required installation depth is again significantly reduced.



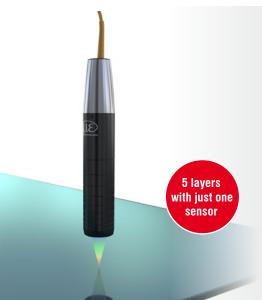
Thickness calibration for precise thickness measurements regardless of distance

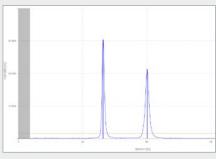
Changing material thickness and a varying distance between the target and the sensor produce faulty measurement values. Therefore, confocalDT controllers from Micro-Epsilon offer a thickness calibration feature. The refractive indices (start of measuring range, mid of measuring range, end of measuring range) of different materials are stored in the controller and can be individually adapted. By selecting the respective target material, the distance-dependent error is automatically compensated for which enables to achieve the highest possible measurement accuracy.

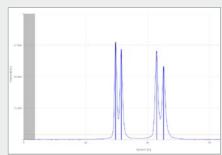


The world's smallest light spot for high lateral resolution

The confocalDT sensors from Micro-Epsilon are available with different aperture angles. Sensors with a large aperture angle or high numerical aperture (NA) generate a small light spot (X-Y resolution) and high Z resolution. The light spot size remains almost constant over the entire measuring range which enables to measure even finest details such as IC pins on PCBs, bonding wire or surface roughness. Due to the high measuring rate, roughness can be detected much more faster than with tactile measurements. In addition, the non-contact measuring principle is reactionless







Thickness measurement signal

Signal with multi-layer thickness measurements (max. 6 peaks)

Thickness measurement of transparent materials in the micron range

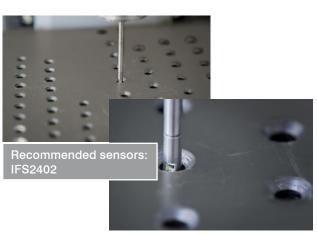
The confocalDT sensors enable thickness measurements of transparent materials. The material thickness is detected to micrometer accuracy using just one single sensor. Thanks to the integrated multi-layer measurement, the thickness of materials such as laminated glass can be evaluated.

6



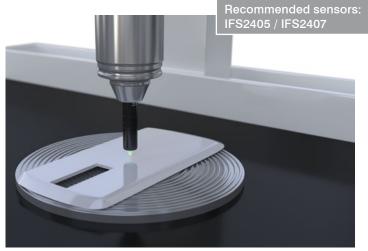
Thickness measurement of displays and flat glass

In display glass production, glass sheets with a homogeneous thickness profile are required. To monitor the thickness, confocal chromatic sensors from Micro-Epsilon are used for non-contact, one-sided thickness measurement. Due to their high measuring rate, the sensors are also applied in high speed processes.



Restricted installation space

Miniature sensors with a diameter of 4 mm measure in confined installation spaces, e.g., for the inspection of boreholes. Furthermore, the 90° version of these sensors enables to measure the finest interior contours.



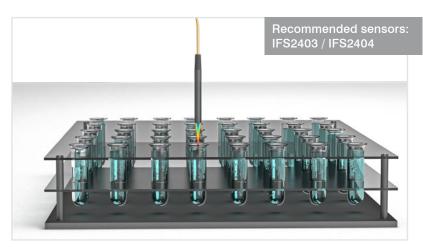
Coordinate measuring machines

The large aperture angle and the high numerical aperture of confocal chromatic sensors enable high resolution with a small light spot size. As the sensors also tolerate a large tilt angle, they are used in coordinate measuring machines for geometry testing and roughness measurements.



Wall thickness measurement of container glass

Wall thickness distribution is a crucial quality criterion for container glass. In order to determine the glass thickness of the bottom and the walls, confocal chromatic sensors from Micro-Epsilon are used. Measurements are performed without contact and at a high measuring rate.



Measurement in recesses

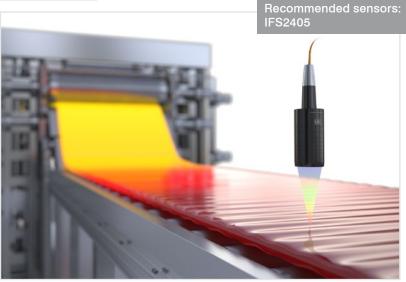
Their narrow beam path enables the confocal sensors to measure in recesses. With the confocal measuring principle, also measurements on liquids are possible, e.g., for precise filling level control in trays.



Recommended sensors: IFS2406

Interior diameter inspection

High precision diameter inspection of bores and cylinders using 90° sensor models.



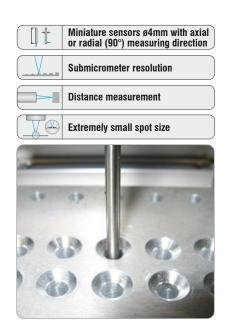
Measuring on hot glass

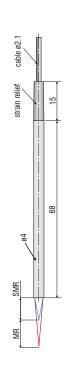
Protected with a housing provided by the customer, confocal sensors can also measure on hot glass. The large offset distance allows for the sensor to be mounted from a safe distance to the hot glass.



Thickness measurement on the star wheel

 $Fast \ dual-channel \ thickness \ measurement \ of \ glass \ bottles \ in \ the \ industrial \ production \ process.$





MR = measuring range SMR = start of measuring range Dimensions in mm, not to scale

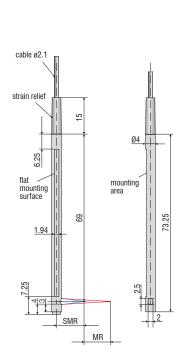
Model		IFS2402-0,4	IFS2402-1,5	IFS2402-4
Measuring range		0.4 mm	1.5 mm	3.5 mm
Start of measuring range	approx.	1.5 mm	0.9 mm	1.9 mm
Resolution	static 1)	16 nm	60 nm	100 nm
nesolution	dynamic 2)	48 nm	192 nm	480 nm
Linearity 3)	Displacement and distance	$<\pm0.3\mu\mathrm{m}$	$< \pm 1.2 \mu {\rm m}$	$<\pm3\mu\mathrm{m}$
Light spot diameter		10 μm	20 μm	20 μm
Max. tilt angle 4)	Max. tilt angle 4)		±5°	±3°
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.25	0.20	0.10
Connection		integrated optical fiber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mm		
Installation		Clam	ping, mounting adapter (see access	ories)
Temperature range	Storage	-20 +70 °C		
remperature range	Operation	+5 +70 °C		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-2	7)	15	g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks ea	ch
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2	bration (DIN EN 60068-2-6) 2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each			each
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP64, front operated		
Material		Stainless steel housing, glass lenses		
Weight		approx. 186 g (incl. optical fiber)		

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1)}}$ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat

²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

³⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

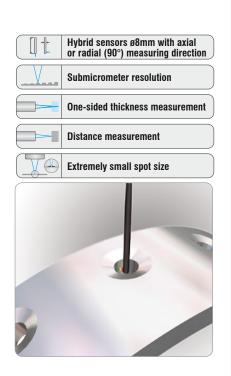
⁴⁾ Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

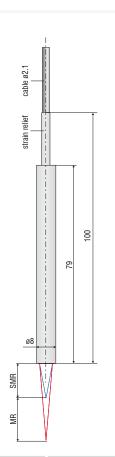


MR = measuring range SMR = start of measuring range Dimensions in mm, not to scale

Model		IFS2402/90-1,5	IFS2402/90-4	
Measuring range		1.5 mm	2.5 mm	
Start of measuring range	approx.	2.5 mm ¹⁾	2.5 mm ¹⁾	
Resolution	static 2)	60 nm	100 nm	
nesolution	dynamic 3)	192 nm	480 nm	
Linearity 4)	Displacement and distance	$<\pm1.2\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm3\mu\mathrm{m}$	
Light spot diameter		20 μm	20 μm	
Max. tilt angle 5)		±5°	±3°	
Numerical aperture		0.20	0.10	
Connection		integrated optical fiber 2 m with E2000/APC connector; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm		
Installation		Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)		
Temperature range	Storage	-20 +70 °C		
iemperature range	Operation	+5 +70 °C		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each		
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP40		
Material		Stainless steel housing, glass lenses		
Weight		approx. 186 g (incl. optical fiber)		

¹⁾ Start of measuring range measured from sensor axis.
2) Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat
3) RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
4) All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
5) Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.





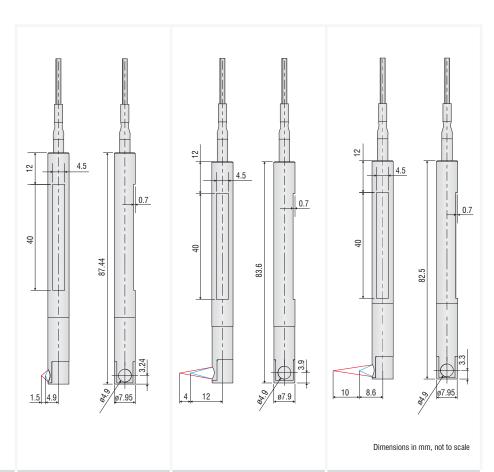
MR = measuring range SMR = start of measuring range Dimensions in mm, not to scale

	IFS2403-0.4	IFS2403-1.5	IFS2403-4	IFS2403-10	
Measuring range		1.5 mm	4 mm	10 mm	
approx.	2.5 mm	8 mm	14.7 mm	11 mm	
static 1)	16 nm	60 nm	100 nm	250 nm	
dynamic 2)	47 nm	186 nm	460 nm	1250 nm	
Displacement and distance	$<\pm$ 0.3 μ m	$<\pm1.2\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm3\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm20\mu\mathrm{m}$	
Thickness	$<\pm0.6\mu{\rm m}$	$<\pm2.4\mu{\rm m}$	$<\pm6\mu\mathrm{m}$	$< \pm 40 \mu \mathrm{m}$	
	9 μ m	15 μm	28 μm	56 μm	
Max. tilt angle 4)		±16°	±6°	±6°	
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.30	0.15	0.15	
	0.06 mm	0.23 mm	0.6 mm	1.5 mm	
		Clamping, mounting ad	lapter (see accessories)		
Storage	-20 +70 °C				
Operation	+5 +70 °C				
)	15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each				
6)	2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each				
0529)	IP64 (front)				
	Stainless steel housing, glass lenses				
		approx. 200 g (ii	ncl. optical fiber)		
	static 1) dynamic 2) Displacement and distance Thickness Storage Operation)	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	0.4 mm	approx. 2.5 mm 8 mm 14.7 mm static 1) 16 nm 60 nm 100 nm dynamic 2) 47 nm 186 nm 460 nm Displacement and distance < ±0.3 μm	

 $^{^{\}mbox{\tiny 1)}}$ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat

²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

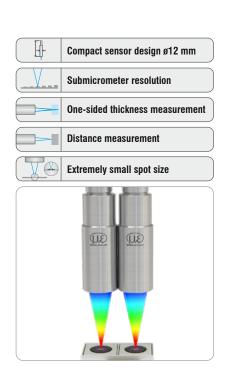
Not observe the measuring tange ("mar) and the measuring tange ("mar) and the measuring different objects. All data at constant ambient temperature (25 \pm 1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects. Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values. Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 in midrange

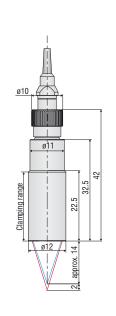


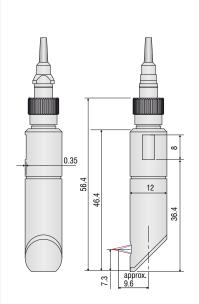
Model		IFS2403/90-1.5 IFS2403/90-4 IFS2403/90-10			
Measuring range		1.5 mm	4 mm	10 mm	
Start of measuring range	approx.	4.9 mm ¹⁾	12 mm ¹⁾	8.6 mm ¹⁾	
Resolution	static 2)	60 nm	100 nm	250 nm	
nesolution	dynamic 3)	186 nm	460 nm	1250 nm	
Displace Linearity 4)	ement and distance	$<\pm1.2\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm3\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm20\mu\mathrm{m}$	
Linearity 7	Thickness	$<\pm2.4\mu{\rm m}$	$<\pm6\mu\mathrm{m}$	$< \pm 40 \mu \mathrm{m}$	
Light spot diameter		15 μm	28 μm	56 μm	
Max. tilt angle 5)		±16°	±6°	±6°	
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.30	0.15	0.15	
Min. target thickness ⁶⁾		0.23 mm	0.6 mm	1.5 mm	
Connection			ed optical fiber 2 m with E2000/APC co 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm, c		
Installation		Clar	nping, mounting adapter (see accesso	ries)	
Temperature range	Storage		-20 +70 °C		
lemperature range	Operation	+5 +70 ℃			
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)	15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each			
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6) 2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each			ach		
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP64 (front)			
Material		Stainless steel housing, glass lenses			
Weight		approx. 200 g (incl. optical fiber)			

 $^{^{\}rm D}$ Start of measuring range measured from sensor axis. $^{\rm 2}$ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat

Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the micrange onto optical flat
 RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
 All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
 Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 in midrange







Model		IFS2404-2	IFS2404/90-2
Measuring range		2 mm	2 mm
Start of measuring range	approx.	14 mm	9.6 mm ¹⁾
Resolution	static 2)	40 nm	40 nm
nesolution	dynamic 3)	125 nm	125 nm
Displ Linearity 4)	acement and distance	$<\pm1\mu\mathrm{m}$	< ±1 µm
Lineality 7	Thickness	$<\pm2\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm2\mu\mathrm{m}$
Light spot diameter		10 μm	10 <i>μ</i> m
Max. tilt angle 5)		±12°	±12°
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.25	0.25
Min. target thickness ⁶⁾		0.1 mm 0.1 mm	
Connection		pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, type C2404-x; standard length 2 m; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm	
Installation		Clamping; mounting adapter (see accessories)	
Temperature range	Storage	-20 +70 °C	
remperature range	Operation	+5 +70 ℃	
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each	
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		$2g/20\ldots500$ Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each	
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP65 (front)	
Material		Stainless steel housing, glass lenses	
Weight		approx. 20 g	approx. 30 g

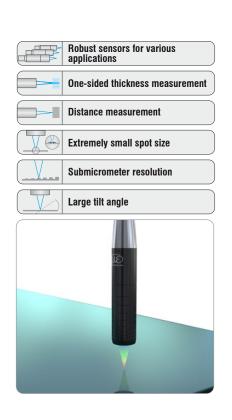
 $^{^{\}rm II}$ Start of measuring range measured from sensor axis. $^{\rm 2I}$ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat

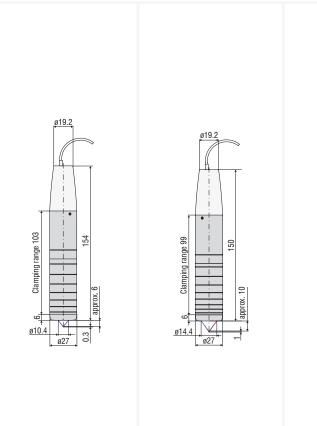
³⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

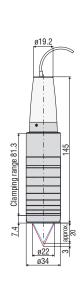
⁴⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

⁹ Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

g Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.





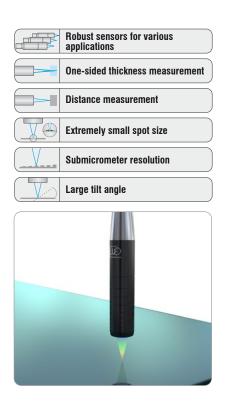


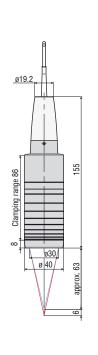
Model		IFS2405-0.3	IFS2405-1	IFS2405-3
Measuring range		0.3 mm	1 mm	3 mm
Start of measuring range	approx.	6 mm	10 mm	20 mm
	static 1)	4 nm	28 nm	60 nm
Resolution	dynamic ²⁾	20 nm	52 nm	126 nm
	cement and distance	$< \pm 0.15 \mu {\rm m}$	$< \pm 0.25 \mu {\rm m}$	$< \pm 0.75 \mu { m m}$
Linearity 3)	Thickness	$<\pm0.3\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm0.5\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm1.5\mu\mathrm{m}$
Light spot diameter		6 µm	8 μm	9 μm
Max. tilt angle 4)		±34°	±30°	±24°
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.60	0.55	0.45
Min. target thickness 5)		0.015 mm	0.05 mm	0.15 mm
Connection			via FC socket, standard length 3 m; ing radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40	
Installation		Clam	ping, mounting adapter (see access	ories)
Tomporatura rango	Storage	-20 +70 °C		
Temperature range	Operation	+5 +70 °C		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15	g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks ea	ch
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP64 (front)		
Material		Aluminum housing, glass lenses		
Weight		approx. 140 g	approx. 125 g	approx. 225 g

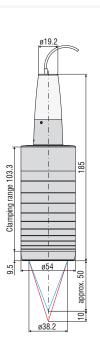
Nerage from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat
 RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
 All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

⁴⁾ Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

⁹ Glass with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.







Model		IFS2405-6	IFS2405-10
Measuring range		6 mm	10 mm
Start of measuring rang	ge approx.	63 mm	50 mm
Resolution	static 1)	18 nm	60 nm
nesolution	dynamic ²⁾	93 nm	386 nm
Linearity 3)	Displacement and distance	$<\pm1.5\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm2.5\mu\mathrm{m}$
Lineanty 5	Thickness	< ±3 µm	$<\pm5\mu\mathrm{m}$
Light spot diameter		31 μm	16 <i>µ</i> m
Max. tilt angle 4)		±10°	±17°
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.22	0.30
Min. target thickness 5)		0.3 mm	0.5 mm
Connection		pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, standard length 3 m; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mm	
Installation		Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)	
T	Storage	-20 +70 °C	
Temperature range	Operation	+5 +70 °C	
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2	2-27)	15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each	
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each	
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP64 (front)	
Material		Aluminum housing, glass lenses	
Weight		approx. 217 g	approx. 500 g
Augrana franc E10	and the conservation and decided and a second	-1:1 ()-1	

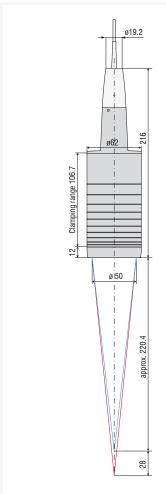
¹⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat

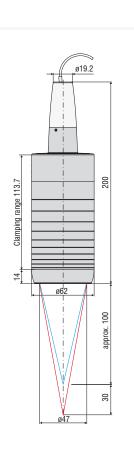
²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

³⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

⁴⁾ Maximum sensor till angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

Glass with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.



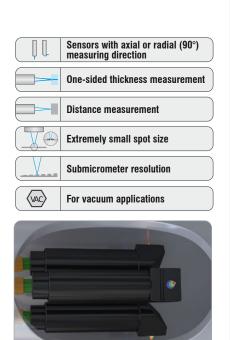


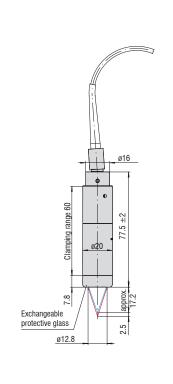
Model		IFS2405-28	IFS2405-30	
Measuring range		28 mm	30 mm	
Start of measuring range	approx.	220 mm	100 mm	
Resolution	static 1)	250 nm	300 nm	
Resolution	dynamic 2)	1420 nm	1040 nm	
Linearity 3)	Displacement and distance	$<\pm7\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm7.5\mu\mathrm{m}$	
Lineality -/	Thickness	$<\pm14\mu{\rm m}$	$<\pm15\mu\mathrm{m}$	
Light spot diameter		60 μm	50 μ m	
Max. tilt angle 4)		±5°	±9°	
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.10	0.20	
Min. target thickness 5)		2.2 mm 1.5 mm		
Connection		pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, standard length 3 m; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mm		
Installation		Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)		
Tomporatura ranga	Storage	-20 +70 °C		
Temperature range	Operation	+5 +70 ℃		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each		
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP64 (front)		
Material		Aluminum housing, glass lenses		
Weight		approx. 750 g	approx. 730 g	

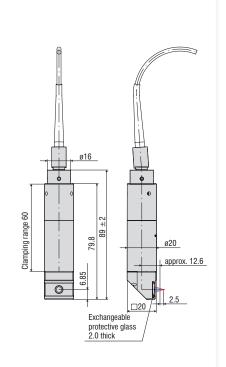
¹⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat

²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

Not office to find a find of (125 ± 1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
 Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 Glass with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.







Model		IFS2406-2,5/VAC(003)	IFS2406/90-2,5/VAC(001)	
Measuring range		2.5 mm	2.5 mm	
Start of measuring range	e approx.	17.2 mm	12.6 mm ¹⁾	
Resolution	static 2)	24 nm	24 nm	
Resolution	dynamic ³⁾	106 nm	106 nm	
Linearity 4)	Displacement and distance	$< \pm 0.75 \mu {\rm m}$	$< \pm 0.75 \mu {\rm m}$	
Linearity *	Thickness	$<\pm1.5\mu{\rm m}$	$<\pm1.5\mu\mathrm{m}$	
Light spot diameter		10 <i>μ</i> m	10 <i>μ</i> m	
Max. tilt angle 5)		±16°	±16°	
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.30	0.30	
Min. target thickness ⁶⁾		0.125 mm 0.125 mm		
Connection		pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, type C240x-x (01); standard length 3 m; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm		
Installation		Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)		
Temperature range	Storage	-20 +70 °C		
lemperature range	Operation	+5 +70 °C		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2	-27)	15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each		
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP40 (vacuum compatible)		
Material		Stainless steel housing, glass lenses		
Weight		approx. 105 g approx. 130 g		

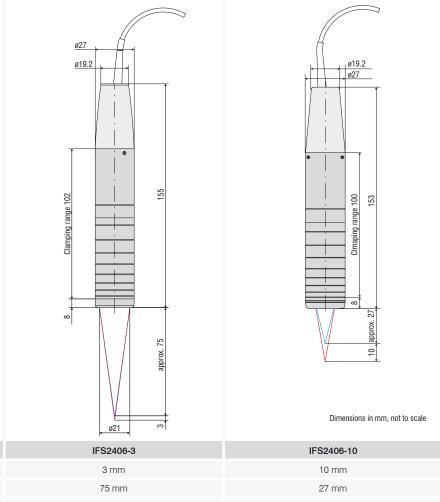
 $^{^{\}rm II}$ Start of measuring range measured from sensor axis. $^{\rm 2I}$ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat

³⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

⁴⁾ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

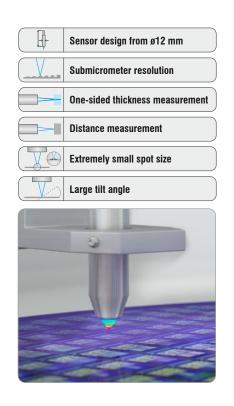
⁹ Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.

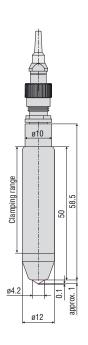
⁹ Glass sheet with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.



Model		IFS2406-3 IFS2406-10		
Measuring range		3 mm	10 mm	
Start of measuring range	approx.	75 mm	27 mm	
Resolution	static 1)	50 nm	60 nm	
Nesolution	dynamic 2)	168 nm	385 nm	
Linearity 3)	Displacement and distance	$<\pm1.5\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm2.5\mu\mathrm{m}$	
Linearity	Thickness	$<\pm3\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm5\mu\mathrm{m}$	
Light spot diameter		35 μm	15 μm	
Max. tilt angle 4)		±6.5°	±13.5°	
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.14	0.25	
Min. target thickness 5)		0.15 mm	0.5 mm	
Connection		pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, type C240x-x (01); standard length 3 m; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm, dynamic 40 mm		
Installation		Clamping, mounting ad	apter (see accessories)	
Temperature range	Storage	-20 +70 °C		
lemperature range	Operation	+5 +70 °C		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27	DIN EN 60068-2-27) 15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each		s, 1000 shocks each	
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6) 2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each		Y axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP65 (front)		
Material		Aluminum housing, glass lenses		
Weight		approx. 99 g approx. 128 g		

¹⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat
2) RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)
3) All data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
4) Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
5) Glass with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.





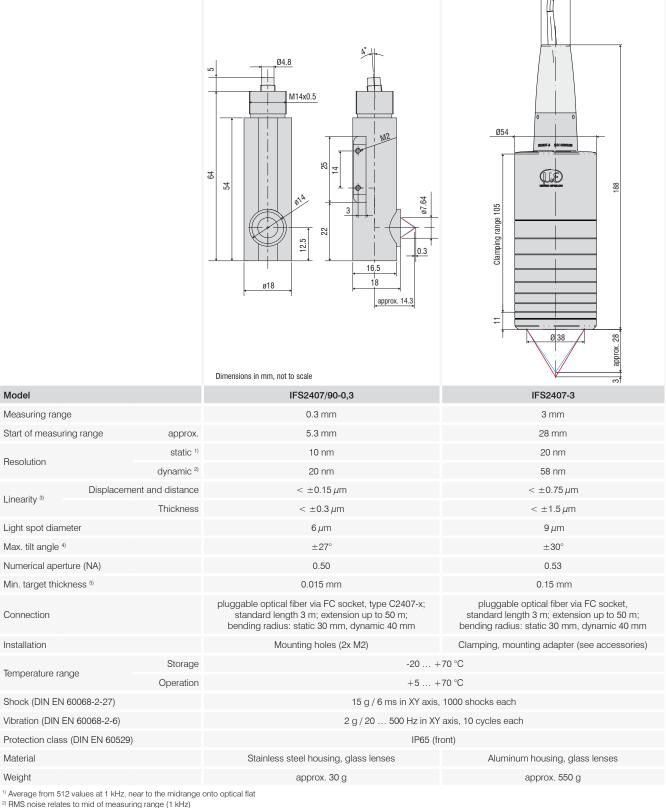
			Dinionolono in mini, not to coulo	
Model		IFS2407-0.1	IFS2407-0.1(001)	
Measuring range		0.1 mm	0.1 mm	
Start of measuring range approx.		1 mm	1 mm	
D 1.	static 1)	3 nm	3 nm	
Resolution	dynamic ²⁾	6 nm	6 nm	
Linearity 3)	Displacement and distance	$<\pm0.05\mu\mathrm{m}$	$<\pm0.05\mu\mathrm{m}$	
Linearity	Thickness	< ±0.1 µm	$<\pm0.1\mu\mathrm{m}$	
Light spot diameter		3 <i>µ</i> m	4 μm	
Max. tilt angle 4)		±48°	±48°	
Numerical aperture (NA)		0.80	0.70	
Min. target thickness 5)		0.005 mm	0.005 mm	
Connection		pluggable optical fiber via FC socket, standard length 3 m; extension up to 50 m; bending radius: static 30 mm; dynamic 40 mm		
Installation		Clamping, mounting adapter (see accessories)		
T .	Storage	-20 +70 °C		
Temperature range	Operation	+5 +70 °C		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XY axis, 1000 shocks each		
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XY axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP65 (front)		
Material		Stainless steel housing, glass lenses		
Weight		approx. 36 g	approx. 36 g	
Features		Sensor with high numerical aperture	Light-intensive sensor	

¹⁾ Average from 512 values at 1 kHz, near to the midrange onto optical flat

- ²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

- Nall data at constant ambient temperature (25 ±1 °C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.
 Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 Glass with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.

Ø19.2



²⁾ RMS noise relates to mid of measuring range (1 kHz)

 $^{^{3}}$ All data at constant ambient temperature (25 \pm 1 $^{\circ}$ C) against optical flat; specifications can change when measuring different objects.

Maximum sensor tilt angle that produces a usable signal on reflecting surfaces. The accuracy decreases when approaching the limit values.
 Glass with refractive index n = 1.5 throughout the entire measuring range. In the mid of the measuring range, also thinner layers can be measured.



The confocalDT 2421/22 controllers set the industrial standard in precise, confocal measurement technology.

Available as either a single- or a dual-channel version, these measuring systems are a low cost solution especially for serial applications. The active exposure regulation feature in the CCD line is for accurate, fast surface compensation on changing surfaces.

The controller can be operated with any IFS sensor and is available as a standard version for distance measurements or as a multi-peak version for multi-layer thickness measurements. Using a special calculation function, the confocalDT 2422 dual-channel version evaluates both channels. Measurement acquisition is synchronous and can be carried out while exploiting the full measuring rate for both channels.

Due to a user-friendly web interface, no additional software is necessary to configure the controller and the sensors. Data output is via Ethernet, EtherCAT, RS422 or analog output.



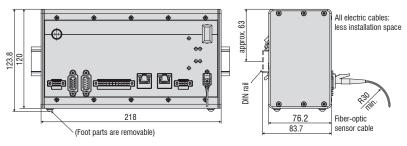
All settings are performed in the web interface. For thickness measurements, materials are stored in an expandable materials database.



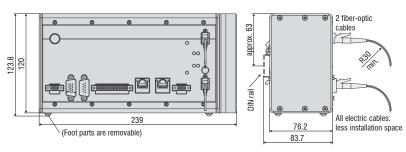
Two sensors can be directly connected to a confocal IFC2422 controller.

Model		IFC2421	IFC2421MP	IFC2422	IFC2422MP	
	Ethernet/EtherCAT	1 nm				
Resolution	RS422	18 bit				
	analog	16 bits (teachable)				
Measuring rate		continuously adjustable from 100 Hz to 6.5 kHz				
Linearity		typ. $< \pm 0.025$ % FSO (depends on sensor)				
Multi peak measurement		1 layer	5 layers	1 layer	5 layers	
Light source		internal white LED				
No. of characteristic	c curves	up to 20 characteristic curves for different sensors per channel, selection via table in the menu				
Permissible ambient light 1)		30,000 lx				
Synchronization		yes				
Supply voltage		24 VDC ±15 %				
Power consumption	n	approx. 10 W				
Signal input		sync-in / trig-in; 2x encoder (A+, A-, B+, B-, Index)				
Digital interface		Ethernet; EtherCAT; RS422; PROFINET 2); EtherNet/IP 2)				
Analog output		Current: 4 20 mA; voltage: 0 10 V (16 bit D/A converter)				
Switching output		Error1-Out, Error2-Out				
Digital output		sync-out				
	optical	pluggable optical fiber via E2000 socket, length 2 m 50 m, min. bending radius 30 mm				
Connection	electrical	3-pin supply terminal strip; encoder connection (15-pin, HD-sub socket, max. cable length 3 m, 30 m with external encoder supply); RS422 connection socket (9-pin, Sub-D, max. cable length 30 m); 3-pin output terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); 11-pin I/O terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); RJ45 socket for Ethernet (out) / EtherCAT (in/out) (max. cable length 100 m)				
Installation		free-standing, DIN rail mounting				
Storage			-20 +70 °C			
Temperature range	Operation	+5 +50 °C				
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XYZ axis, 1000 shocks each				
Vibration (DIN EN 6	60068-2-6)	2 g / 20 500 Hz in XYZ axis, 10 cycles each				
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP40				
Material		Aluminum				
Weight		approx	. 1.8 kg	approx.	2.25 kg	
Compatibility		compatible with all confocalDT sensors				
No. of measurement channels 3)		1 2				
Control and display elements		multifunction button (two adjustable functions and reset to factory setting after 10 s); 5x LEDs for intensity, range, status and supply voltage				
ESO - Eull Scala Outo	and the second s					

IFC2421 controller



IFC2422 controller



FSO = Full Scale Output

1) Illuminant: light bulb

2) Optional connection via interface module (see accessories)

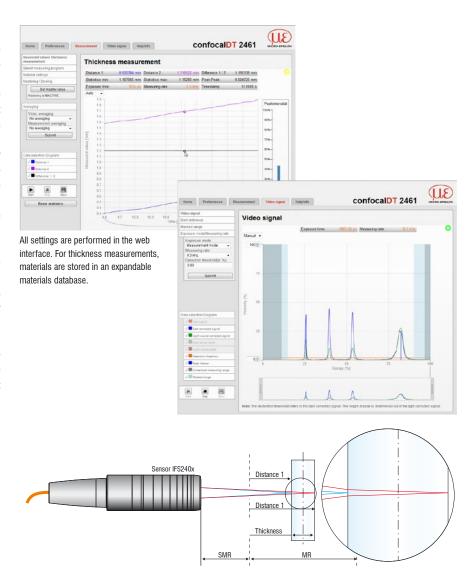
3) No loss of intensity and linearity due to two synchronous measurement channels



confocalDT IFC2461 systems are used for complex distance and thickness measurements. The IFC2461 controller is equipped with enhanced, optimized optical components for measuring rates up to 25 kHz without having to use an external light source. The high light intensity enables reliable measurements on difficult surfaces, e.g., on matt black objects or for multi-layer thickness measurement of glass. The active exposure regulation feature in the CCD line is for accurate, fast surface compensation on changing surfaces during dynamic measurement processes.

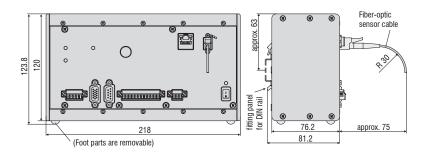
The controller can be operated with any IFS sensor and is available as a standard version for distance and thickness measurements or as a multi-peak version for multi-layer measurements.

Due to a user-friendly web interface, no additional software is necessary to configure the controller and the sensors. Data output is via Ethernet, EtherCAT, RS422 or analog output.



Model		IFC2461	IFC2461MP	
	Ethernet/EtherCAT	1 nm		
Resolution	RS422	18 bit		
	analog	16 bits (teachable)		
Measuring rate		continuously adjustable from 100 Hz to 25 kHz		
Linearity		typ. $< \pm 0.025$ % FSO (depends on sensor)		
Multi peak measurement		1 layer 5 layers		
Light source		internal white LED		
No. of characteristic curves		up to 20 characteristic curves for different sensors per channel, selection via table in the menu		
Permissible ambient light 1)		30,000 lx		
Synchronization		yes		
Supply voltage		24 VDC ±15 %		
Power consumption		approx. 10 W		
Signal input		sync-in / trig-in; 3x e	encoder (A, B, index)	
Digital interface		Ethernet; EtherCAT; RS422; PROFINET 2); EtherNet/IP 2)		
Analog output		Current: 4 20 mA; voltage: 0 10 V / -10 +10 V (16 bit D/A converter)		
Switching output		Error1-Out, Error2-Out		
Digital output		sync-out		
	optical	pluggable optical fiber via E2000 socket, length 2 m 50 m, min. bending radius 30 mm		
Connection	electrical	3-pin supply terminal strip; Encoder connection (15-pin, HD-sub socket, max. cable length 3 m); RS422 connection socket (9-pin, Sub-D, max. cable length 30 m); 3-pin output terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); 12-pin I/O terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); RJ45 socket for Ethernet /(EtherCAT (max. cable length 100 m)		
Installation		free-standing, DIN rail mounting		
	Storage	-20	+70 °C	
Temperature range	Operation	+5 +50 °C		
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15g / 6 ms in XYZ axis, 1000 shocks each		
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XYZ axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP40		
Material		Aluminum		
Weight		approx. 2.2 kg		
Compatibility		compatible with all confocalDT sensors		
No. of measurement channels		1		
Control and display elements		ON/OFF multifunction button (as well as dark alignment and reset to factory setting after 10 s); 4x LEDs for intensity, range, status, supply voltage		
Features		particularly light-intensive		
ESO - Eull Soolo Output				

IFC2461 controller



FSO = Full Scale Output

1) Illuminant: light bulb

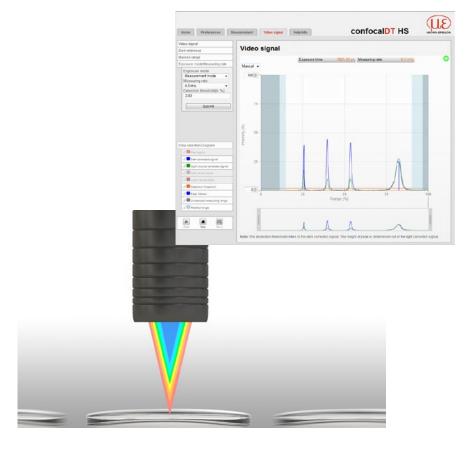
2) Optional connection via interface module (see accessories)



The confocalDT 2471 HS controllers are used for fast distance and thickness measurements of highly reflecting and specular surfaces. The controllers are equipped with enhanced optical components enabling measuring rates up to 70 kHz on reflecting surfaces without having to use an external light source. The confocalDT HS controllers are one of the fastest confocal measuring systems in the world. The active exposure regulation feature in the CCD line enables accurate, fast surface compensation on changing surfaces during dynamic measurement processes.

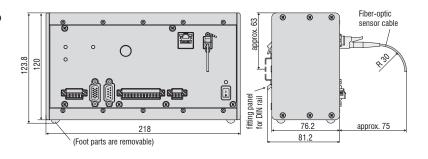
The controller can be operated with any IFS sensor and is available as a standard version for distance and thickness measurements or as a multi-peak version for multi-layer measurements.

Due to a user-friendly web interface, no additional software is necessary to configure the controller and the sensors. Data output is via Ethernet, EtherCAT, RS422 or analog output.



Model		IFC2471LED	IFC2471MP LED	
	Ethernet/EtherCAT	11	nm	
Resolution	RS422	18 bit		
	analog	16 bits (teachable)		
Measuring rate		continuously adjustable from 100 Hz to 70 kHz		
Linearity		typ. < ±0.025 % FSO (depends on sensor)		
Multi peak measurement		1 layer 5 layers		
Light source		internal white LED		
No. of characteristic curves		up to 20 calibration tables for different sensors per channel, menu selection		
Permissible ambient light 1)		30,000 lx		
Synchronization		yes		
Supply voltage		24 VDC ±15 %		
Power consumption		approx. 10 W		
Signal input		sync-in / trig-in; 3x encoder (A, B, index)		
Digital interface		Ethernet; EtherCAT; RS422; PROFINET 2); EtherNet/IP 2)		
Analog output		Current: 4 20 mA; voltage: 0 10 V / -10 +10 V (16 bit D/A converter)		
Switching output		Error1-Out, Error2-Out		
Digital output		sync-out		
	optical	pluggable optical fiber via E2000 socket, length 2 m 50 m, min. bending radius 30 mm		
Connection	electrical	3-pin supply terminal strip; Encoder connection (15-pin, HD-sub socket, max. cable length 3 m); RS422 connection socket (9-pin, Sub-D, max. cable length 30 m); 3-pin output terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); 12-pin I/O terminal strip (max. cable length 30 m); RJ45 socket for Ethernet /(EtherCAT (max. cable length 100 m)		
Installation		free-standing, DIN rail mounting		
T	Storage	-20	+70 °C	
Temperature range	Operation	+5	+50 °C	
Shock (DIN EN 60068-2-27)		15 g / 6 ms in XYZ axis, 1000 shocks each		
Vibration (DIN EN 60068-2-6)		2 g / 20 500 Hz in XYZ axis, 10 cycles each		
Protection class (DIN EN 60529)		IP40		
Material		Aluminum		
Weight		approx. 2.2 kg		
Compatibility		compatible with all confocalDT sensors		
No. of measurement channels 1		1		
Control and display elements		ON/OFF multifunction button (as well as dark alignment and reset to factory setting after 10 s); 4x LEDs for intensity, range, status, supply voltage		
Features		particularly light-intensive and high measuring rate		
ECO - Eull Coolo Output				

Controller IFC2471 LED



FSO = Full Scale Output

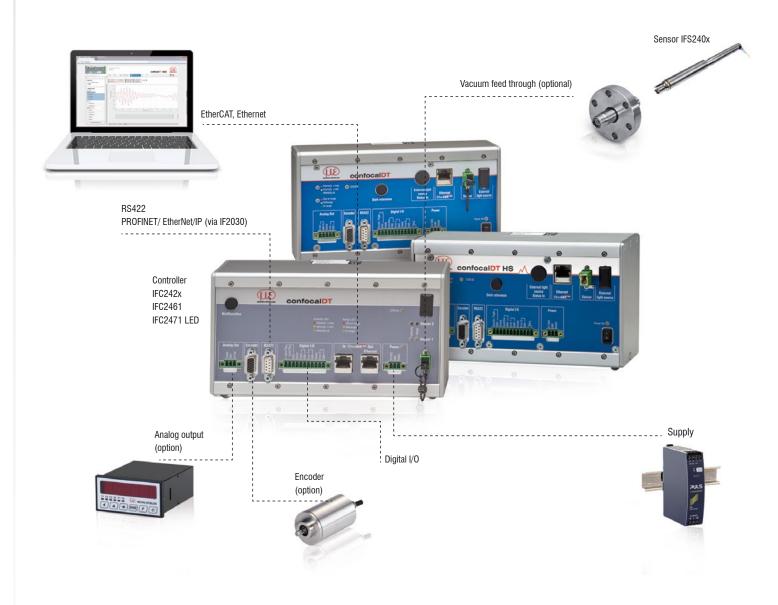
1) Illuminant: light bulb

2) Optional connection via interface module (see accessories)

System design

The confocalDT system consists of:

- Sensor IFS240x
- Controller IFC24xx
- Fiber optic cable C24xx



Customer-specific modifications

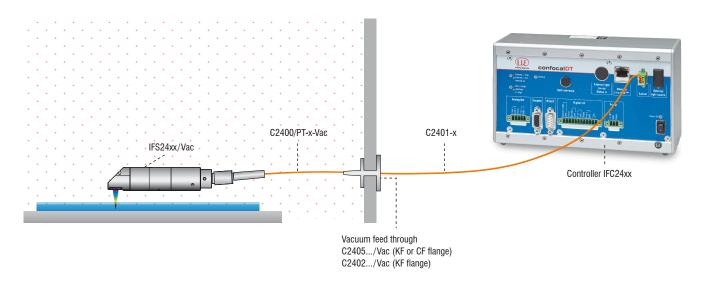
Application examples are often found where the standard versions of the sensors and the controllers are performing at their limits. To facilitate such special tasks, it is possible to customize the sensor design and to adjust the controller accordingly. Common requests for modifications include changes in design, mounting options, customized cable lengths and modified measuring ranges.



Possible modifications

- Sensors with connector
- Cable length
- Vacuum suitability up to UHV
- Specific lengths
- Customer-specific mounting options
- Optical filter for ambient light compensation
- Housing material
- Measuring range / Offset distance

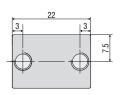
Vacuum setup

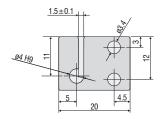


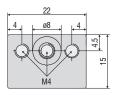
confocalDT

Accessories: mounting adapter

MA2402 for sensors 2402

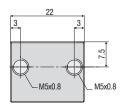


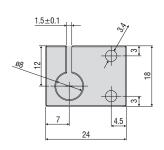


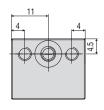


Accessories: mounting adapter

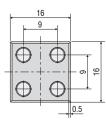
MA2403 for sensors 2403

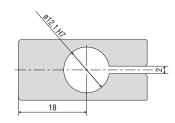


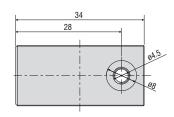




Accessories: mounting adapter MA2404-12 for sensors IFS2404-2 / IFS2404/90-2 / IFS2407-0,1

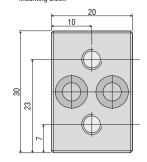


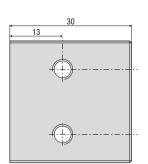


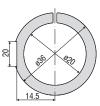


Accessories: mounting adapter
MA2400 for sensors IFS2405 / IFS2406 / IFS2407 (consisting of a mounting block and a mounting ring)

Mounting block

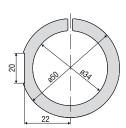




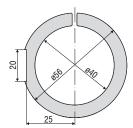


Mounting ring

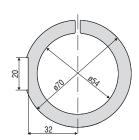
MA 2406-20 for sensors IFS2406-2,5 IFS2406/90-2,5



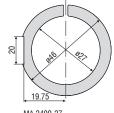
MA 2405-34 for sensors IFS2405-3



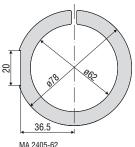
MA 2405-40 for sensors IFS 2405-6



MA 2405-54 for sensors IFS2405-10 / IFS2407-3



MA 2400-27 for sensors IFS2405-0,3 / -1 IFS2406-3 / -10



MA 2405-62 for sensors IFS2405-28 / -30

Accessories

Software

IFD24xx-Tool Software demo tool included

Accessories light source

IFL2422/LE Lamp module for IFC2422
IFL24x1/LED Lamp module for IFC24x1

Cable extension for sensors

CE2402 cable with 2x E2000/APC connectors

CE2402-x Extension for optical fiber (3 m, 10 m, 13 m, 30 m, 50 m)

CE2402-x/PT Extension for optical fiber with protection tube for mechanical stress

(3 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)

Cable for IFS2404 sensors

C2404-x Optical fiber with FC/APC and E2000/APC connectors

Fiber core diameter 20 μ m (2 m)

Cables for IFS2405/IFS2406/2407-0,1 sensors

C2401 cable with FC/APC and E2000/APC connectors

C2401-x Optical fiber (3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)

C2401/PT-x Optical fiber with protection tube for mechanical stress

(3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)

C2401-x (01) Optical fiber core diameter 26 μ m (3 m, 5 m, 15 m) C2401-x(10) Drag-chain suitable optical fiber (3 m, 5 m, 10 m)

C2400 cable with 2x FC/APC connectors

C2400-x Optical fiber (3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)

C2400/PT-x Optical fiber with protection tube for mechanical stress

(3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)

C2400/PT-x-Vac Optical fiber with protection tube suitable for use in vacuum

(3 m, 5 m, 10 m, customer-specific length up to 50 m)

Cable for IFS2407/90-0,3 sensors

C2407-x Optical fiber with DIN connector and E2000/APC (2 m, 5 m)

Vacuum feed through

C2402/Vac/KF16 Vacuum feed through with optical fiber, 1 channel, vacuum side FC/APC

non-vacuum side E2000/APC, clamping flange KF 16

C2405/Vac/1/KF16 Vacuum feed through on both sides FC/APC socket, 1 channel,

clamping flange type KF 16

C2405/Vac/1/CF16 Vacuum feed through on both sides FC/APC socket, 1 channel,

flange type CF 16

C2405/Vac/6/CF63 Vacuum feed through FC/APC socket, 6 channels,

flange type CF 63

Other accessories

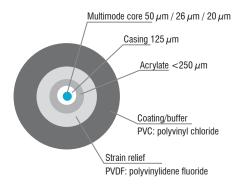
SC2471-x/USB/IND Connector cable IFC2461/71, 3 m, 10 m, 20 m SC2471-x/IF2008 Connector cable IFC2461/71-IF2008, 3 m, 10 m, 20 m

PS2020 Power supply 24V / 2.5A EC2471-3/OE Encoder cable, 3m

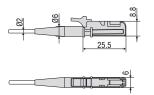
IF2030/PNET Interface module for PROFINET connection
IF2030/ENETIP Interface module for EtherNet/IP connection

Optical fiber

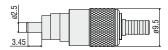
Temperature range : -50 °C to 90 °C Bending radius: 30/40 mm



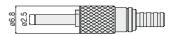
E2000/APC standard connector



FC/APC standard connector



DIN connector



Sensors and Systems from Micro-Epsilon



Sensors and systems for displacement, distance and position



Sensors and measurement devices for non-contact temperature measurement



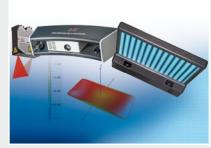
Measuring and inspection systems for metal strips, plastics and rubber



Optical micrometers and fiber optics, measuring and test amplifiers



Color recognition sensors, LED analyzers and inline color spectrometers



3D measurement technology for dimensional testing and surface inspection