

Liebherr InSitu/online
coating control system
type Litronic-FMS III / CCS

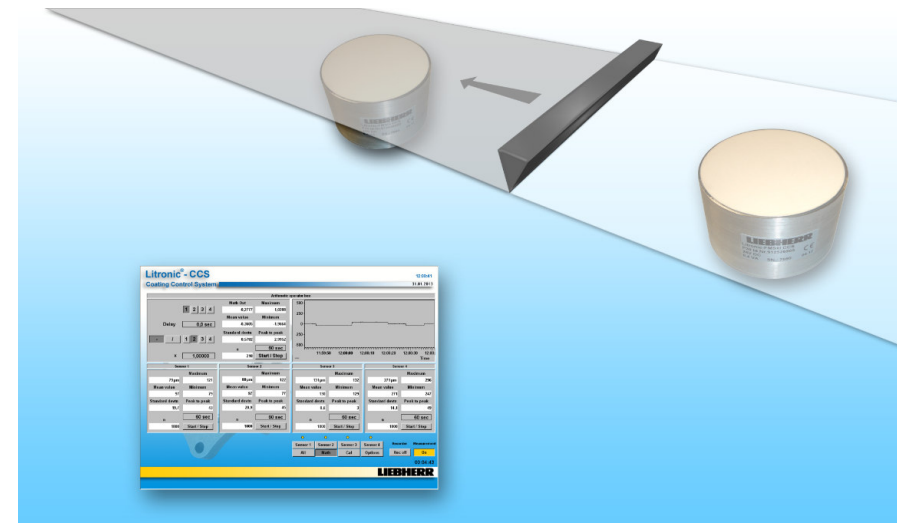
LIEBHERR

Liebherr Litronic-FMS III / CCS

Coating on:

- paper
- cardboard
- plastic film
- card web
- textile
- ...

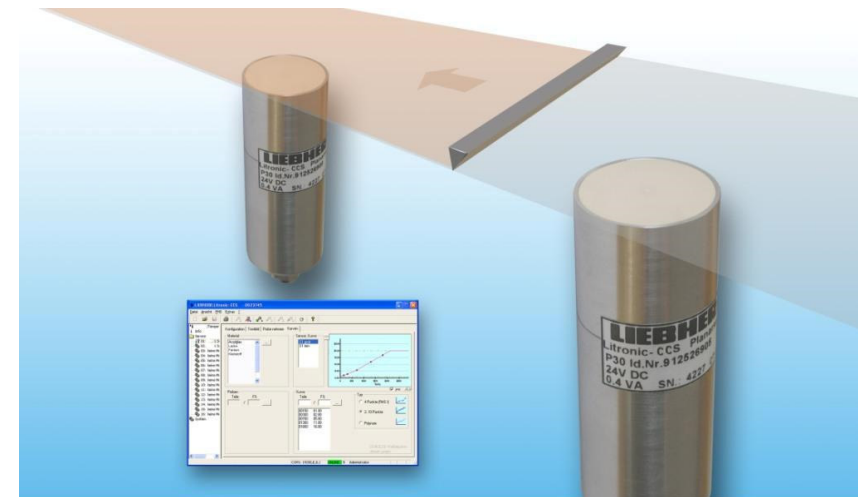
Sensor installations before and after coating for an exact determination of coating thickness or weight per unit area.



Liebherr Litronic-FMS III / CCS

Online Coating Control System CCS by Liebherr. Carrying out / method

- non-contact
 - colour in-sensitive
 - online & real-time
 - useable in industrial environments
 - point/ line recording and traversing in the measuring frame
 - different interfaces (Ethernet,...)
-
- Measuring range moisture content $5\text{g/m}^2 \dots 25.000 \dots 50.000\text{g/m}^2$,
dissolution, $0,5\text{g/m}^2$
 - Measuring range coating thickness $5\mu\text{m} \dots 25\text{mm} \dots 50\text{mm}$,
dissolution, $0,5\mu\text{m}$
 - Temperatur $< 70^\circ\text{C}$



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Continuous coating control thickness – or weight per area definition

Description

The continuous monitoring of coating thickness or-weight per unit area on running webs is in lot of processes a significant factor to assess the quality of products.

We are talking about the precise detection of these parameters on different Processes under partly extremely conditions.

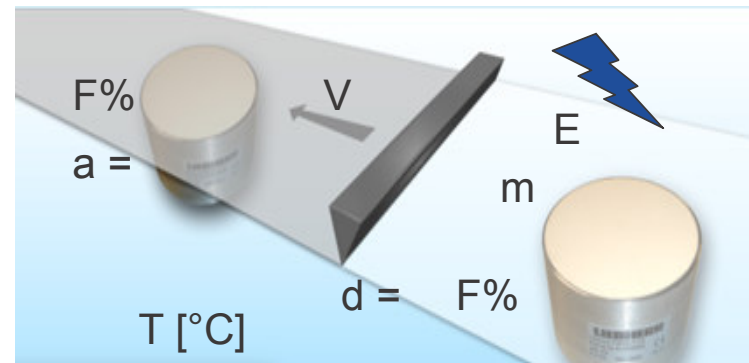
- The using of a measuring system ensures the quality of products and at the same time the minimizing of product wastes.
- Safety margins can be omitted.
- Saving of energy and natural resources are becoming more and more important.
- A continuous monitoring creates customer confidence.
- More and more customers e.g. the automotive industry require a complete recording.

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The coating thickness should be measured through an exact measurement of electric capacity with a stray field condenser.

Important influences are:

- Distance between web and sensor
- Weight per unit of the web
- Moisture content of the web
- Moisture content of the coating
- Web thickness
- Temperature of web and coating
- Fast temperature changes at the sensor
- Electrostatic charges.
- Strong electromagnetic fields (frequency converter)



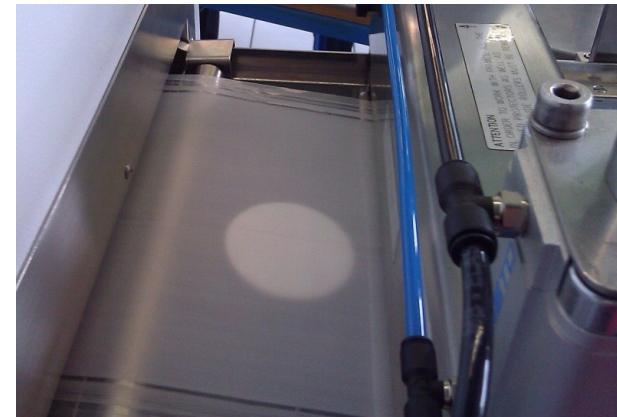
When all these factors are relatively low, a good measurement is possible.

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Applications:

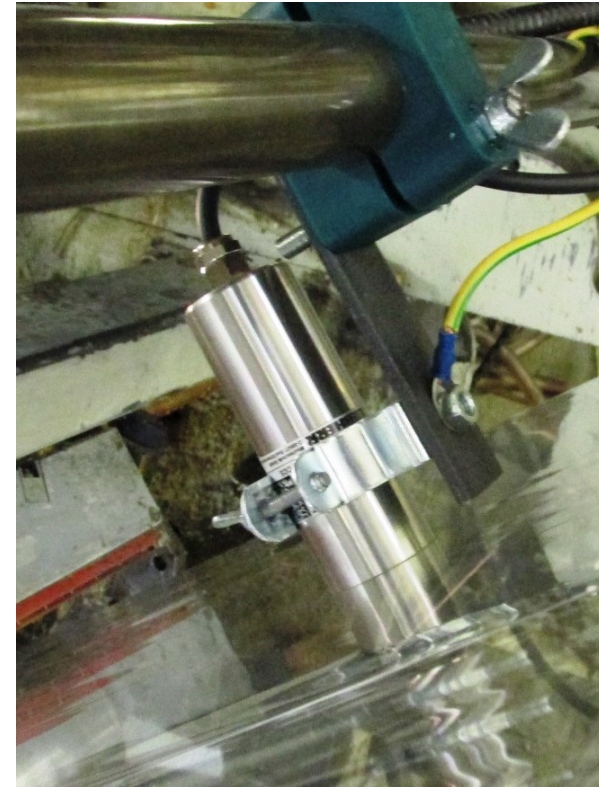
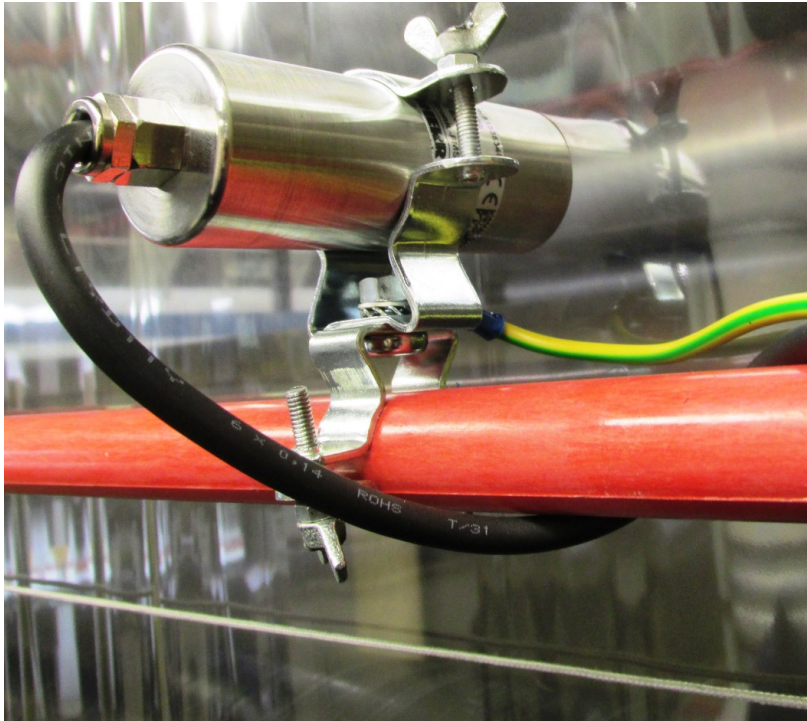
- Adhesive coating
- Lacquer/paint coating
- Hotmelt powder coating
- Silicone coating
- Coating thickness
- Material thickness of glass and plastic
- Foil coating
- Polymer coating
- ...

Applications



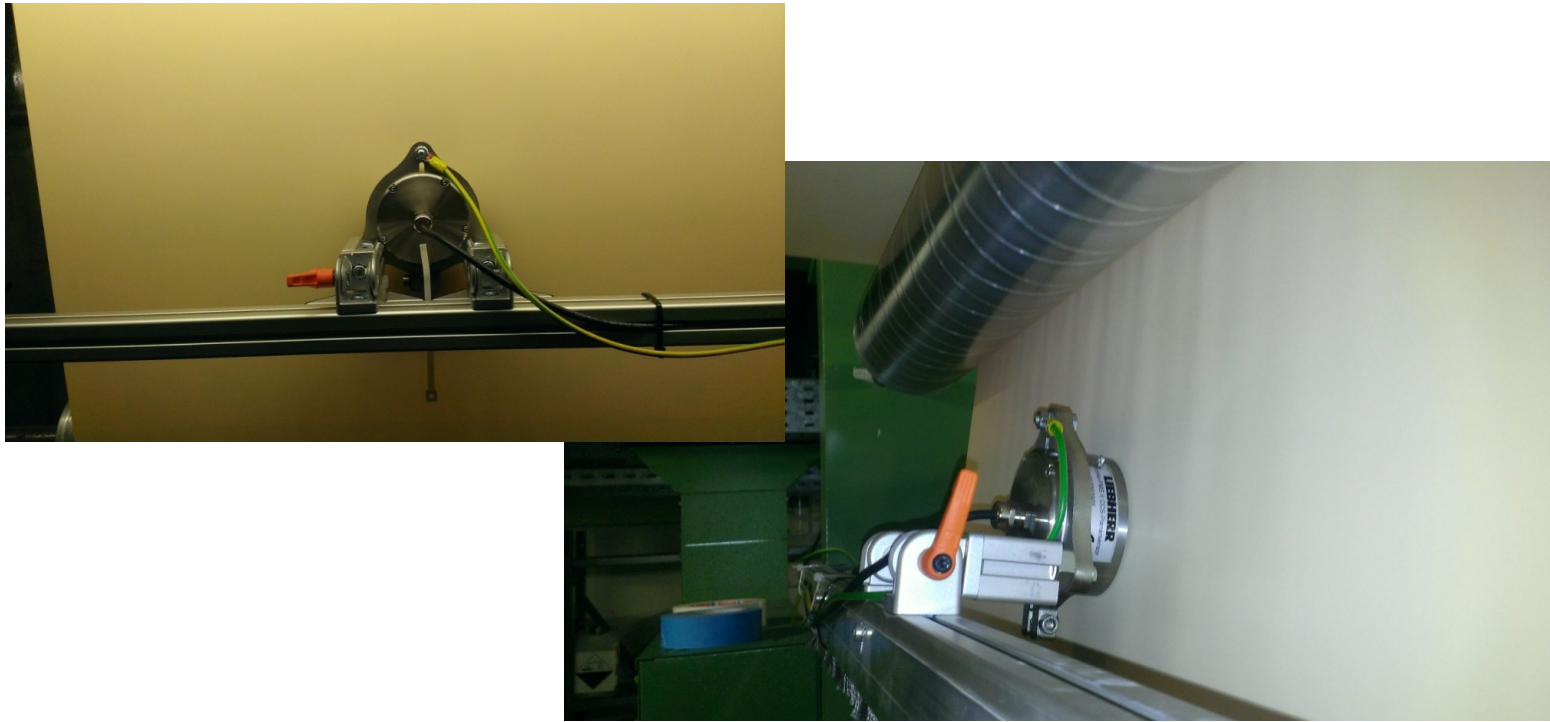
The best solution for each application

Applications



The best solution for each application

Applications:



The best solution for each application

Applications



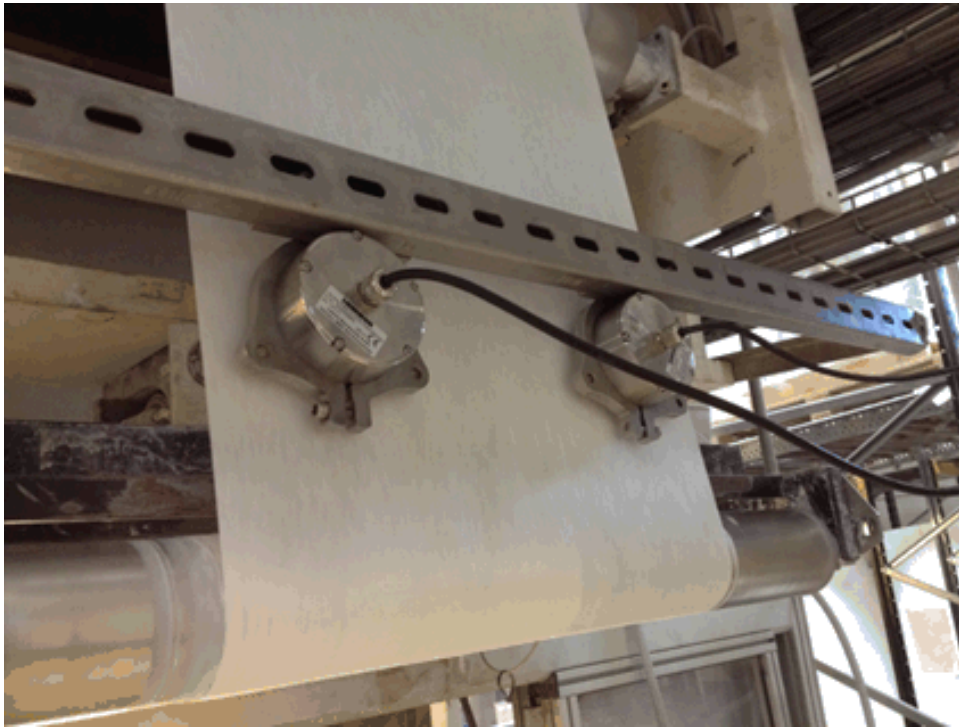
The best solution for each application

Applications



The best solution for each application

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The best solution for each application

Liebherr Measurement method

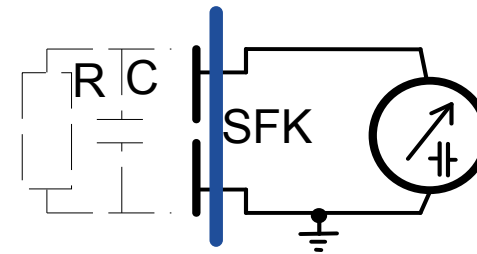
Purely capacitive measurement procedure

The medium to be measured, will be placed separated by an insulating layer of plastic or ceramic, as a so called dielectric in front of the plates of a stray field condenser (SFK).

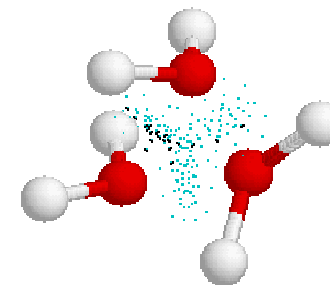
Permittivity

There is an AC voltage at the SFK-plates, the charge carriers of the medium orientate on the electric field vector and form a polarizing field, which acts against the outer field and weakens this field. As a material property, a factor ϵ_r is assigned to the electric field constant ϵ_0 (permittivity of vacuum).

The displacement field D is constant, but the relative permittivity (ϵ_r) is increasing with water contents in the medium. Due to this fact the electric field strength E decreases. Now the field weakening can be detected.



$$\vec{E} = \frac{\vec{D}}{\epsilon_r \cdot \epsilon_0}$$



Thank you very much for your attention!

